

TEL: (91) (33) 4006-3380 FAX: (91) (33) 4006-3385 E-mail: info@arsk.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement the for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial
 control system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;





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- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provision of Section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has adequately disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note no.30 to the financial statements.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any foreseeable losses.

 There are no such amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. 190315082E

Partner Membership No. 052205

JPIN: 20052205 AAABGG3175 .

S.K. Kabra

Place: Kolkata

Date: 18 DEC 2020



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Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020.

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanation given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. As informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The company did not have any immovable property at any time during the year, hence paragraph 3(i)(C) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 is not applicable.
- The management has conducted the physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. As informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification. The company has maintained proper records of its inventories.
- a) According to the information and explanation given to us the company has granted interest bearing unsecured loan to a body corporate covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies' Act, 2013. In our opinion, the terms and conditions for grant of the said loan was not prima facie, prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
 - b) In the case of the loan granted to a body corporate listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, the borrower have been regular in the payment of the interest as stipulated. The terms of the arrangements do not stipulate any repayment schedule and the loan is repayable on demand. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company in respect of the principal amount.
 - c) There are no overdue amount in respect of the aforesaid loan.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- 7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the books and records examined by us, the company is generally regular in depositing with the appropriate authorities the undisputed statutory dues relating to Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Services Tax, Cess and other statutory dues as applicable to it though there has been a slight delay in a few cases.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.





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Annexure - A to the Independent Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020. Page 2 of 2

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of Income tax, Sales Tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other statutory dues as applicable to it, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company
 has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to banks. The Company has not
 taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions and government and has not issued
 debentures during the year.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company
 has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer and has applied the
 term loans for the purpose for which the loans have been obtained.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid/provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- All transactions with the related parties held in the Company are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards and companies Act 2013.
- 14. According to the information and explanations give to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- On the basis of our examination and information provided by the management and in our opinion the company is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and the registration has not been obtained. As explained by the management, the company is exploring various non-financial activity based business propositions and since financial activity will not be its principal business in future, it will not be required to obtain the registration.

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. :315082E

CA, S,K.Kabra Partner Membership No. 052205

UDIN: 2005 2205 AAABG3175,

Place: Kolkata

Date: 1 8 DEC 2020



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Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and





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Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

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(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on, "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg No. :315082E

> /CA.S.K. Kabra Partner

Membership No. 052205

UDIN: 20052305MAABG3175

Place: Kolkata Date: 1 8 DEC 2020

KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

	Notes	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	4		
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	2	1,02,02,010	1,02,02,010
Reserves and Surplus	3	(35,78,20,967)	(35,86,98,960)
		(34,76,18,957)	(34,84,96,950
Non-current liabilities		7 55 500	14,63,560
Long-term borrowings	4	7,58,403	
Other long-term liabilities	6	7,61,474	11,67,181
Long-term provisions	7	8,01,000	8,01,000
		23,20,877	34,37,741
Current liabilities		80,93,47,451	1,89,54,62,272
Short-term-borrowings	5	00,93,47,431	1,00,01,02,212
Trade payables:			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises		T.	
and small enterprises.			
Total outstanding dues of creditors other		9,360	11,95,634
than micro enterprises and small enterprises.		4 44 70 05 222	23,30,97,869
Other current liabilities	6	1,41,76,05,222 2,22,69,62,033	2,12,97,55,775
		2,22,69,62,033	2,12,01,00,110
Total		1,88,16,63,953	1,78,46,90,566
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property plant & Equipment			
l'angible assets	8	31,87,265	37,57,603
Intangible assets	8	1,57,500	1,89,000
Non-current investments	9	41,82,87,500	41,64,57,430
Long-term loans and Advances	10	84,11,91,604	78,32,34,686
300 B 130 B 1		1,26,28,23,869	1,20,36,38,719
Current assets			00 51 50 550
Inventories	11	28,38,77,920	30,54,60,563
Trade receivables	12	31,69,098	54,01,222
Cash and Bank bolances	13	56,77,570	84,67,607
Short-term loans and Advances	10	23,19,89,394	22,24,18,783
Other current assets	14	9,41,26,102	3,93,03,672
		61,88,40,084	58,10,51,847
Total		1,88,16,63,953	1,73,46,90,566

Summary of significant accounting policies Notes to financial statements

2-39

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached.

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 315082E

CA. VK Kabra

Paryler

Membership No. 052205

UDIN: 2005/2005AMARGISPIS

Place : Kolkata Date : 1 8 DEC 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors KEVENTER PROJECTS UMITED

Vivek Khemka

Director

DIN: 01187653

Lalit Talwar Director

KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

			Notes	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
1	INCOME	7-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1			
	Revenue from operations (n Other income	et)	15 16	1,57,56,523 10,08,84,956	1,80,16,14,652 4,67,28,025
	TOT	AL		11,66,41,479	1,84,83,42,677
11	EXPENSES				
	Direct project development e	xpenses	17	39,28,993	55,22,395
	Changes in inventories of w		18	2,15,82,643	67,04,304
	Employee benefits expenses		19	32,88,728	41,72,376
	Finance costs	10	20	7,69,16,470	10,13,35,809
	Depreciation and amortisation	n expenses	8	6,01,838	18,02,779
	Other expenses		21	86,17,742	1,70,94,29,738
	TO1	AL		11,49,36,414	1,82,89,67,401
11	Profit before provision and	I tax (I - II)		17,05,065	1,93,75,276
IV	Provision / (Reversat) for din investments	ninution in value of			(88,200)
V	Profit before tax	(III - IV)		17,05,065	1,94,63,476
VI	Tax expenses				
	- Current tax			2,84,567	8,53,881
	- MAT (Entitlement)/ Utilisat	ion		5,42,506	(8,53,881)
	TOT	AL		8,27,072	CHELOUIS AND A COLO
VII	Profit for the year	(V-VI)		8,77,993	1,94,63,476
VIII	Earnings per share		23		
	Basic earnings per share			0.86	19.08
	Diluted earnings per share	1		0.86	19.08
	rmary of significant accountings to financial statements	g policies	2 - 39		
TAMAS	SO, NY, THE PROPERTY AND PARTY AND P		icial statements		

As per our report of even date attached.

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For ARSK & ASSOCIATES Chargered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 315082E

CA/S K Kabra

Parlner

Membership No. 052205 VBIN; 200572058AAA&G3R5

Place : Kolkata Date : 1 8 DEC 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED

Vivek Khemka

Director

DIN: 01187653

Lalit Talwar

Director

KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

gm		Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
(A)	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Net Profit / (Loss) before Tax Adjustments for:	8,77,993	1,94,63,476
	Depreciation and ammortisation expense	6,01,838	18,02,779
	Finance costs	7,69,16,470	10,13,35,809
	Loss on sale / discard of property plant and equipment (net)	(4,000)	(81,186)
	Liabilities no longer required written back		(6,98,773)
	Provision for dimunition in investments		(88,200)
	Interest Income	(9,88,23,392)	(4,40,91,914)
	Operating Profit / (loss) before Working Capital Changes :	(2,04,31,091)	7,76,41,991
	Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables, other liabilities and provisions	(1,70,84,628)	(70,72,76,760)
	(Increase) / Decrease in fixed deposits	4,50,000	(3,92,674)
	(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	22,32,124	2,11,431
	(Increase) / Decrease in Loans & Advances and other assets	(11,52,23,641)	(66,69,65,691)
	(Increase) / Decrease in inventories	2,15,82,643	67,04,304
	Cash Used in Operations :	(12,84,74,593)	(1,29,00,77,399)
	Direct taxes paid (net)	(71,26,318)	(1,80,66,217)
	NET CASH FROM / (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(13,56,00,911)	(1,30,81,43,616)
(B)	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Proceeds from / (Purchase of) sale of tangible assets	4,000	(4,80,871)
	Proceeds from / (Purchase of) sale of investments (net)	(18,30,070)	32,06,28,863
	Interest received	9,88,23,392	4,40,91,914
	NET CASH FROM / (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	9,69,97,322	36,42,39,906
(C)	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
10.7	Repayment of long term loans	(7,05,157)	(55,66,694)
	Proceeds / (repayment) of loan from / (to) body corporate	11,38,85,179	1,05,55,58,545
	Finance costs	(7,69,16,470)	(10,13,35,809)
		3,62,63,552	94,86,56,042
	NET CASH FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,02,03,332	4.100.000.000.00
	NET CHANGES IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(23,40,038)	47,52,332
	Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	72,55,642	25,03,310
			72,55,642

^{*} represents Cash and Cash equivalents as indicated in Note 13 excluding fixed deposits balance.

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As per our report of even date attached.

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 315082E

CAYS K Kabra

Partner

Membership No. 052205 UBIN: 20052053AAAA3135.

Place: Kolkata Date: 1 8 DEC 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED

Vivek Khomka Director

DIN: 01187653

Lalit Talwar Director

Nature of Operations

Keventer Projects Limited is primarily engaged in development and sale of residential and commercial property,

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

i) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with applicable accounting principles in india, the applicable Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the Companies (Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual basis except in case of assets for which provision for impairment is made and revaluation is carried out.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

ii) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting period end. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates.

iii) Property Plant & Equipment

Property Plant & Equipment are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises of purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use.

iv) Depreciation

- (a) Depreciation on Property Plant & Equipment, tangible and intangible, is calculated in a manner that amortises the cost of the assets after commissioning, over their estimated useful lives or, where specified, lives based on straight line value method as per useful lives prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount which is greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at the weighted average cost of capital.
- (c) After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the assets over their remaining useful
- (d) Leasehold improvements are amortised over the period of lease.

v) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Inlangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life of the asset. The Company uses a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persuasive evidence exists to the affect that useful life of an intangible asset exceeds ten years, the Company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life. Such intangible assets and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. All other intangible assets are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortization method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such changes are accounted for in accordance with AS 5 Net Profit or Loss for the Period, Prior Period Items and Changes in Accounting Policies.



vi) Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine if there is any indication of impairment thereof based on external / internal factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which represents the greater of the net selling price of assets and their 'value in use'. The estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value at appropriate rate arrived at after considering the prevailing interest rates and weighted average cost of capital.

vii) Borrowing costs

Borrowing Costs, that are directly or indirectly attributable to acquisition / construction of qualifying inventories, are capitalised until the time all substantial activities necessary to prepare the qualifying inventories for their intended use are complete. However, capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended during the extended periods in which active development is interrupted. All other Borrowing Costs are charged to revenue.

Ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings are amortised over the tenure of the berrowing in proportion to principal amount outstanding.

viii) Lease

- (a) Finance lease. Asset taken on lease are capitalised at fair value/contracted price. If the leased assets are returnable to the lessor on expiry of lease period, the same is depreciated over its useful life or lease period, whichever is shorter. Lease payments made are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of outstanding liability in retation to assets taken on lease.
- (b) Operating lease: Lease payments made for assets taken on operating lease are recognised as expense over the lease period.

ix) Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on an individual investment basis. Long-term investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline, other than temporary, in the value of the investments.

An investment in land or buildings, which is not intented to be occupied substantially for use by, or in the operations of the company is classified as investment in property. Investment in properties are stated at cost.

The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the investment in property to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

When disposing of a part of the holding of an individual investment, the carrying amount to be allocated to that part is to be determined on the basis of the average carrying amount of the total holding of the investment.

x) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Real estate project

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Standard (AS) 9 on Revenue Recognition, read with Guidance Note on "Recognition of Revenue by Real Estate Developers". Revenue is computed on the "percentage of completion method" on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership of such property to buyers under the terms of the contract entered into with them as and when :

(a) The agreement to purchase and sell is signed with the buyer.

(b) The actual cost incurred on the project under execution is 30% or more of the total estimated cost of the project.

The estimates of the projected revenue, profits, costs, cost to completion and foreseeable loss, if any, are reviewed periodically by the management and effect of any changes in estimates is recognised in the period when such changes take place. However, when the project cost is estimated to exceed the total revenues from the project, the toss is recognised immediately.

Interest Income

Revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.





(i) Inventories

Inventories are valued as under:

- (a) Land is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of acquisition and other relevant costs incurred for developing I preparing the land for its intended use.
- (b) Projects in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, land development rights, materials, services, borrowing costs and other related overheads. Items purchased specifically for projects are charged to consumption on receipts.
- (c) Finished flats are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of construction and appropriate allocation of other indirect costs attributable to construction activity.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

xii) Retirement and other employee benefits

- (a) Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme and the contributions are charged to the Statement of profit and loss when monthly contribution are deposited with the Employees' provident fund organisation. There are no obligations other than the contribution deposited by the Company.
- (b) The Gratuity liability under the payment of Gratuity Act is a defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of actuarial valuation on projected unit credit method made at the end of the year.
- (c) Short term compensated absences are provided for based on estimates. There are no long term compensated absences.
- (d) Activirial gain / losses are immediately taken to Statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

mii) Taxation

Tax expenses comprises of current and deforred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred income tax is recognised on the basis of timing differences, being the differences between taxable incomes and accounting incomes that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In situation when the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, the deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realised against future taxable profits.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in guidance Note Issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the said asset is created by way of a credit to the profit and loss account and shown as MAT Credit Entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each Balance Sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Company will pay normal Income Tax during the specified period.

xiv) Segment reporting policies

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of construction, development and sale of residential and commercial property. Therefore, all the above products have been considered as part of a single business segment as per Accounting Standard - 17. The Company at present primarily operates in India and therefore the analysis of geographical segments is not applicable to the Company.

xv) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as indicated in the Cash flow statement comprise of cash at bank and in hand and shortterm investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

xvi) Goods and Service tax input credit

Service tax I Goods and Service tax input credit is accounted for in the books in the period in which the underlying service received is accounted and when there is no uncertainty in availing/utilising the credits

xvii) Earnings per Share

Earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earning per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of share outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares.

xviii) Provisions

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on the management estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimate.

xix) Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

xx) Impact on outbreak of COVID-19

Due to the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease(COVID-19), the Government of India declared lock-down effective 25th March 2020 and in compliance of the instructions issued by the Central and State Governments, the operations of the Company had to be suspend at all ongoing projects. This impacted the normal business operations of the Company by way of supply chain disruption and unavailability of personnel during the lock-down period.

The Company has considered the possible impacts on the carrying value of assets and contractual terms with customers and vendors. The Company, as at the date of these financial results has used the available information to assess the impact on the future performance of the Company. Based on the information, the Company has made assessment and expects that the carrying amount of assets reported in these financials as at 31 March 2020 are fully recoverable.

The Company has also estimated the future cash flows with the possible effects that may result from the COVID-19 pandemic and does not foresee overall adverse impact on realising its assets and meeting its liabilities as and when they fall due. The actual impact of the COVID-19 pandemic may vary from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial results.

The Central and State Governments have since significantly relaxed the lock-down restrictions. The Company has resumed its operations though not at full scale. The Company will continue to closely observe the evolving scenario and take into account any future developments arising out of the same."





	As at Marc	h 31, 2020	As at March	31, 2019
2. Share Capital	No. of shares	Amount (Rs.)	No. of shares	Amount (Rs.)
Authorised capital : Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	33,00,000	3,30,00,000	33,00,000	3,30,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid -up Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	10,20,201	1,02,02,010	10,20,201	1,02,02,010
	10,20,201	1,02,02,010	10,20,201	1,02,02,010

(a) Reconciliation of the number of shares as at 31st March, 2020 is set out below :

	As at Marc	h 31, 2020	As at March	31, 2019
	No. of shares	Amount (Rs.)	No, of shares	Amount (Rs.)
Equity shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,20,201	1,02,02,010	10,20,201	1,02,02,010
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,20,201	1,02,02,010	10,20,201	1,02,02,010

(b) Terms / rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of equity share having a face value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. Dividend,if proposed, by the Board of Directors will be subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing annual general meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution to equity shareholders will be in proportion to the amount paid up.

(c) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares in the Company

	As at Mar	ch 31, 2020	As at Marc	h 31, 2019
	No. of equity shares	% holding in the class	No. of equity shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	20022200		0.00,000	25.00%
Sarvesh Housing Projects Limited	2,55,000	25.00%	2,55,000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
MKJ Developers Limited	1,50,020	14.70%	1,50,020	14.70%
Vadanlal Limited	1,25,020	12.25%	1,25,020	12.25%
Right Innuva Know-How Limited	1,30,020	12.74%	1,30,020	12.74%
MKJ Enterprises Limited	1,30,030	12.75%	1,30,030	12.75%
Twenty First Century Securities Limited	1,05,030	10.30%	1,05,030	10.30%

As per the records of the Company, including its register of share holders / members, the above share holdings represents legal ownership of shares.

(d) Aggregate no of shares issued for consideration other than cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date:

	As at March 31, 2020 No. of shares	As at March 31, 2019 No. of shares
Equity Shares alloted as fully paid up for consideration other than cash pursuant to merger of Karan Housing Projects Ltd.	20,001	20,001





3. Reserves and Surplus			As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
A. Capital reserve				
Balance as per last Balance sheet			1,98,01,990	1,98,01,990
B. Securities premium				
Balance as per last Balance sheet			1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
C. (Deficit) in the Statement of profit and los	55		(38,85,00,950)	(40,79,64,426)
Balance as per last financial statements Add : Profit for the year			8,77,993	1,94,63,476
(Deficit) in the Statement of profit and loss			(38,76,22,957)	(38,85,00,950)
(A+B+C)			(35,78,20,967)	(35,86,98,960)
4. Long-term borrowings	Non curre	ent portion	Current	portion
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Secured				
Term loan from a body corporate			*	1,03,20,127
Vehicle loans		707.94.984		
from scheduled banks	7,58,403	14,63,560	6,77,709	5,76,674
from a body corporate	7 50 402	47.62.560	6 77 700	1,33,180
and the second second second	7,58,403	14,63,560	6,77,709	1, 10,29,301
Less: Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities" (Note 6)		-	6,77,709	1,10,29,981

Additional Information:

Vehicle Loans

Vehicle loans carries interest rate of 8.34% to 9.8% and are repayable in 48 to 60 equal monthly installments from the date of disbursement of loan amounts. The loans are secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles acquired out of such loans:

7,58,403

14,63,560

5. Short-term borrowings	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
Unsecured Loan from bodies corporate #	70,67,05,545	1,79,50,25,872 10,04,36,400
Loan from a subsidiary company #	10,26,41,906 80,93,47,451	1,89,54,62,272

Additional Information:

Repayable on demand





6. Other liabilities	Non C	urrent	Curi	rent
o. Other habitities	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Current maturities of long-term borrowings				
(Note 4)	7.	- 6	6,77,709	1,10,29,981
Advance received :			1,20,00,00,000	-
against pre-emptive right against sales	19	-	1,29,83,279	58,95,943
- towards projects contribution (Note 28)	+	25	4,36,49,791	4,36,49,791
- others	2.5	70	25,98,832	22,58,353
Payable for expenses		*	27,72,291	14,03,324
Payable towards purchase of shares			7,05,82,500	7,05,82,500
Retention money payable	7,61,474	11,67,181		
Maintenance deposits		*	79,79,429	78,25,788
Interest accrued and due on borrowings		5	6,82,28,130	8,87,98,329
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings		8		84,399
Statutory dues payable			81,33,261	15,69,461
and the same of th	7,61,474	11,67,181	1,41,76,05,222	23,30,97,869
	Long	-term	Short	t-term
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
7. Provisions	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Provision for employee benefits Gratuity (Note 26)	8,01,000	8,01,000		



8,01,000

8,01,000



KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

8. Property plant & Equipment

Amount (Rs.)

		The second		Tangible assets				Intangible
Particulars	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fixtures	Office Equipment	Computers	Leasehold Improvements	Vehicles	Total	Assets - Computer Software
Cost. At 01.04.2018	5,86,253	45,11,183	21,54,224	35,82,323	15,93,033	78,72,960	2,00,99,978	3,15,000
Addition Disposals / Adjustment		30,000	70,198	32,463		37,51,710	37,61,710	
At 31.03.2019	5,86,253	45,41,183	22.24,422	36,14,786	15,93,033	50,84,545	1,78,24,222	3,15,000
Addition					12			
Disposals / Adjustment						4		
At 31,03,2020	5,86,253	45,41,183	22,24,422	36,14,786	15,93,033	50,64,545	1,76,24,222	3,15,000
Depreciation			The Control of the Co					3
At 01.04,2018	5,15,396	35,97,418	20,08,703	33,27,489	15,93,033	39,91,122	1,51,33,151	94,500
Charge for the year	14,969	2,00,428	56,291	77,945	y	14,21,848	17,71,279	31,500
Disposals						30,37,811	30,37,811	-
At 31,03,2019	5,30,355	38,97,844	20,64,994	34,05,434	15,93,033	23,74,959	1,38,66,619	1,25,000
Charge for the year	9,229	1,29,971	29,310	23,639		3,78,189	5,70,338	31,500
Disposals								
At 31.03.2020	5,39,584	40,27,815	20,94,304	34,29,073	15,93,033	27,53,148	1,44,36,957	1,57,500
Net Block								
At 31.03.2019	55,898	6,43,339	1,59,428	2,09,352		26,89,586	37,57,603	1,89,000
At 31,03,2020	46,569	5,13,368	1,30,118	1,85,713		23,11,397	31,87,265	1,57,500





9. Non-current Investments	No. of Shares 2020	No. of Shares 2019	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
Trade investments (at cost)				
A. Investment in property			6,42,52,463	5,74,77,151
B. Investment in equity shares				
Unquoted, FV of Rs. 10 each, unless otherwise stated				
In subsidiary companies				2000 Sala Value
DSK Real Estates Limited (ii)	93,45,000	93,45,000	9,38,89,419	9,38,89,419
(30 Shares held by directors on behalf of the Company) Portside Estates Limited	92,75,000	92,75,000	9,32,30,581	9,32,30,58
(30 Shares held by directors on behalf of the Company)	0.0011 0.1000	CAME ALTER		34 F 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1 S 1
Century Nirman Private Limited		9,800		98,000
Trinity Developers Private Limited 110	9,800	9,800	98,000	98,000
Happy Plaza Private Limited iti	7,500	7,500	75,000	75,000
n associate companies	0.222			40.000
Kolkata-One Excelton Private Limited (9)	4,900	4,900	49,000	49,000
Pawan Putra Tradecom Private Limited (**)	1,31,500	1,31,500	13,87,32,500	13,87,32,500
Gagan Tradelink Private Limited (f)	5,000	5,000	18,54,625	18,54,625
n other bodies corporate	FR 00.4	CC 004	40.26.70.000	10,26,70,000
Bengal Bonded Werehouse Limited ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ (FV of Rs. 12.50 each)	56,284	56,284	10,26,70,000	
Dankuni Projects Limited (**)	5,50,000	5,50,000	55,00,000	55,00,000
Edward Keventer Private Limited (6)	50,000	50,000	5,00,000	5,00,000
In joint venture company			Viceseus V	
Shrachi Keventer Abasan Private Limited		- 5	50,000	-
Non trade investments (at cost)				
Mantu Housing Projects Limited	10	10	100	100
Microwave Communications Limited	11,00,000	11,00,000	1,76,00,000	1,76,00,000
MKJ Developers Limited	52,676	52,676	2,13,980 27,500	2,13,980 27,500
Right Innuva Know-How Limited	5,000	5,000	27,500	27,500
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments (B)			45,44,90,705	45,45,38,705
C. Investment in LLP				
In a Limited Liability Partnership				40.07.040
Shrachi Keventer Abasan LLP	*			48,97,242
Aggregate amount of Investment in LLP (C)				48,97,242
Aggregate Value of Investments (A+B+C)			51,87,43,168	51,69,13,098
CONTROL CLASS CONTROL OF ANY CALL CONTROL OF CONTROL CONTROL AND CONTROL CONTR			10,04,55,668	10,04,55,668
Less: - Provision for dimunition in value of investments				





- (a) The audited financial statements of DSK Real Estates Limited, a subsidiary company, shows a debit balance in its Reserve and Surplus account. However, the aforesaid subsidiary has a land, where the difference between the book value and market value of such land is more than the debit balance of the statement of profit and loss, therefore, the management is of the view that there is no diminution in the value of investment in the aforesaid subsidiary.
- (b) The audited financial statements of Trinity Developers Private limited shows a debit balance in its Reserve and Surplus Account. However, the aforesaid subsidiary has commercial spaces, where the difference between the book value and market value of such space is more than the debit balance of the statement of profit and loss, therefore, the management is of the view that there is no diminution in the value of investment in the aforesaid subsidiary company.
- (c) The audited financial statements of Happy Plaza Private Limited, a subsidiary company, show a debit balance in its Reserve and Surplus Account. However, the aforesaid subsidiary has a land, where the difference between the book value and market value of such land is more than the debit balance of the statement of profit and loss, therefore, the management is of the view that there is no diminution in the value of investment in the aforesaid subsidiary.
- (d) Investments in Kolkata One Excelton Private Limited is of strategic importance to the company and fair value of their assets is much higher than the book value. In view of this, the management of the company believes that there is no dimunition in the value of investments other than temporary in view of the value of the assets and profitability projections of the aforesaid companie.
- (e) Investments in Pawan Putra Tradecom Private Limited is of strategic importance to the company and fair value of their assets is much higher than the book value. In view of this, the board of directors of the company believes that there is no dimunition in the value of investments other than temporary in view of the value of the assets and profitability projections of the aforesaid companie.
- (f) The audited financial statements of Gagan Tradelink Private Limited, an associate company, shows a debit balance in its Reserve and Surplus account. However, the aforesaid subsidiary has a land, where the difference between the book value and market value of such land is more than the debit balance of the statement of profit and loss, therefore, the management is of the view that there is no diminution in the value of investment other than temporary in the aforesaid company.
- (g) Investments in Bengal Bonded Warehouse Limited is of strategic importance to the company and fair value of their assets is much higher than the book value. In view of this, the management of the company believes that there is no dimunition in the value of investments other than temporary in view of the value of the assets and profitability projections of the aforesaid companies.
- (h) The audited financial statements of Dankuni Projects. Limited shows a debit balance in its Reserve and Surplus account. However, the aforesaid company has a land, where the difference between the book value and market value of such land is more than the debit balance of the statement of profit and loss, therefore, the management is of the view that there is no diminution in the value of investment other than temporary in the aforesaid company.
- (i) Investments in Edward Keventer Private Limited is of strategic importance to the company and fair value of their assets is much higher than the book value. In view of this, the management of the company believes that there is no dimunition in the value of investments other than temporary in view of the value of the assets and profitability projections of the aforesaid companie.

10. Loans and Advances	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As al March 31, 2019 Rs.
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)				
A. Deposits				
Security deposits	10,35,150	10,35,150		
(A)	10,35,150	10,35,150		
B. Loan and advances to related parties				
- subsidiary companies			8,87,87,089	8,51,23,104
- a associate company	79,99,60,871	74,85,87,765		
(B)	79,99,60,871	74,85,87,766	8,87,87,089	8,51,23,104
C. Other loans and Advances				
Loan to bodies corporate			7,94,38,665	7,95,12,158
Trade advances		-	5,04,145	4,85,270
Advance to an associate company		- 8	5,00,00,000	5,00,00,000
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	- 54	*	38,28,041	17,22,439
Amount receivable from a Joint Venture Com	pany		44,94,062	
Prepaid expenses		-	1,04,200	1,87,000
Advance payment of taxes (net of	3,86,87,998	3,15,61,680		2
provisions) Balance with revenue authority		-	48,33,192	53,88,812
Minimum alternate tax credit entitlement	15,07,584	20,50,090		
(C)	4,01,95,583	3,36,11,770	14,32,02,305	13,72,95,679
Total (A+B+C)	84,11,91,604	78,32,34,686	23,19,89,394	22,24,18,783
11. Inventories			As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
(At lower of cost and Net realisable value) (As valued and certified by the Management) Construction work-in-progress Stock of finished flats.			19,52,26,300 8,86,51,620 28,38,77,920	30,54,60,563 30,54,60,563
12. Trade receivables			As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
(Unsecured - considered good) Outstanding for a period less than six months Outstanding for a period exceeding six month	s ns		83,048 30,86,050	54,01,222
			31,69,098	54,01,222





Rs.	Rs,
29,80,514 - 19,35,091	35,41,253 36,55,985 58,404
7,61,965	12,11,965 84,67,607
	19,35,091

#Balances with bank in current account includes Rs 2,12,668 (P.Y. Rs 2,12,668) lying in inoperative bank accounts, statements whereof are not available.

"includes Rs 4,50,000 pledged against loan from body corporate

14. Other current assets	As at March 31, 2020 Rs.	As at March 31, 2019 Rs.
Accrued interest on loan Accrued interest on fixed deposit Accrued interest on security deposit Amount receivables	8,94,46,953 1,82,923 23,966 44,72,260	3,40,03,105 1,33,760 23,901 51,42,906
	9,41,26,102	3,93,03,672





	Year ended	Year ended
5. Revenue from operations	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
5. Revenue nom operations	Rs.	Rs.
Language transportations		
Revenue from operations	1,09,97,832	1,77,05,181
Revenue from real estate projects	47,58,691	61,26,390
Income from project management fees	2012TO 1012	1,77,77,83,081
Profit from real estate activities		
	1,57,56,523	1,80,16,14,652
	Year ended	Year ended
AND A SAMPAGE AND	1171715 271700000000000000000000000000000000000	March 31, 2019
6. Other income	March 31, 2020 Rs.	Rs.
0.34 MID 0.44 MAY 1.00	RS.	Pion
nterest income on	84 846	84,927
- Fixed deposits	84,810	04,327
- Income tax refund	2,42,995	00 550
- Security deposits	26,629	26,556
- Unspecured loans	9,84,64,958	4,39,80,431
Profit on sale of property plant and equipments (net)	4,000	81,186
labilities no longer required written back		6,98,773
Rent income	16,96,506	16,96,506
Aiscellaneous receipts	3,65,058	1,59,646
	10,08,84,956	4,67,28,025
	Year ended	Year ended
7. Direct project development expenses	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
17. Direct project development outrons-	Rs.	Rs.
Architectural and Plan sanction fees	54,422	20,11,969
	9,39,253	8,04,025
Civil and Other contract charges	1,66,715	3,90,978
Consumption of materials	41,404	37,391
Other overheads	64,796	14,444
Sanitary and Plumbing expenses	24,63,672	22,63,588
Security service charges		22,00,000
Water proofing charges	1,98,731	
	39,28,993	55,22,395
	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
18. Change in inventories of work-in-progress	Rs.	Rs.
	Ka.	1 440
Clasing Stock		
44 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1	28,98,97,300	30,54,60,563
Project work-in-progress	(9,46,71,000)	
Transfer to finished stock	19,52,26,300	30,54,60,563
10000000		
Stock of finished Flats	9,46,71,000	
Transfer from work in progress		- 2
Cost of sales	(60,19,380)	-
	8,86,51,620	
Opening Stock		
Project work-in-progress	30,54,60,563	31,21,64,867
STATES AND THE STATES OF THE S	2,15,82,643	67,04,304





19. Employee benefits expenses	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
Contribution to provident & other funds Salaries, wages, bonus etc. Staff welfare expenses	2,74,968 26,84,000 3,29,760	3,77,858 32,58,473 5,36,045
	32,88,728	41,72,376
20. Finance costs	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
Interest on: - unsecured loans - secured loan - vehicle loans - late payment of statutory dues Loan processing charges	7,64,09,035 2,25,977 1,51,986 1,23,572 5,900	9,75,61,571 35,07,898 2,13,523 49,608 3,209
	7,69,16,470	10,13,35,809
21. Other expenses	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
Advertisement and Sales promotion expenses Bank charges Brokerage and Commission Donation # Directors sitting fee Insurance Legal and Professional fees Membership & Subscription Miscellaneous expenses Payments to auditor Postage and Cummunication Power and Fuel Printing and Stationery Rates and Taxes Repairs and Maintenance	4,13,161 3,437 5,63,978 14,500 1,47,968 12,92,834 1,59,209 8,46,992 4,85,000 3,36,384 1,20,276 34,688 21,82,286 10,96,864	1,51,034 29,097 1,20,110 1,70,00,00,000 26,500 2,57,592 17,48,405 1,52,230 9,55,974 4,50,000 3,48,874 11,54,883 72,206 12,88,268 15,42,745 10,68,090
Travelling and Conveyance Share of loss from LLP	7,75,104 1,45,061	63,730
	86,17,742	1,70,94,29,738

Includes donations of Rs Nil (Rs 170 Crore in P.Y. 18-19) made through "Electoral Bond Bearer Scheme" promulgated by RBI.

21.1 Payments to auditors includes	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs.	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs.
Shah dani mudit foos	4,10,000	3,85,000
- Statutory audit fees - Tax audit fees	65,000	65,000
- Other matters	10,000	
- Otter matters	4,85,000	4,50,000





22. Related party disclosures

a) Names of related parties and related party relationship

Related parties where control exists

Subsidiary Companies

Portside Estates Limited
DSK Real Estates Limited
Happy Plaza Private Limited

Century Nirman Private Limited (Till 29.11.2019)

Trinity Developers Private Limited

Associate Companies

Kolkata-One Excelton Private Limited Pawanputra Tradecom Private Limited Gagan Tradelink Private Limited

Key Management Personnel

Mr. Vivek Khemka Mr. Lalit Talwar Mr. Manoj Bose Mrs. Pritha Basu Mrs. Shwetaank Nigam

Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel or their relatives Bengal Bonded Warehouse Limited Right Innuva Know-How Limited MKJ Enterprises Limited

Joint ventures

Shrachi Keventer Abasan Private Limited Shrachi Keventer Abasan LLP (Till 12/05/2019)





22. Related party disclosures

					AMOUNT IN RS.
Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary/ Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key Management Personnei	Joint	Total
Unsecured loan received					
DSK Real Estates Limited	19,50,000		*	* 1	19.50,000
MKJ Enterprises Limited	(*)	4,33,90,000	· 3	æ ' a	4,33,90,000
Total	19,50,000	4,33,90,000	. 3	. 17	4,53,40,000
Unsecured loan paid back		Consideration			(4,20,41,40,400)
DSK Real Estates Limited	19,85,000				19,85,000
MKJ Enterprises Limited	,			· ·	2,73,85,000
	(-)	(81,08,54,718)	•	①	(81,08,54,718)
Total	19,85,000	2,73.85,000			2,93,70,000
	(8,75,000)	(81,08,54,718)	(1)	(-)	(81,17,29,718)
Unsecured loan alven					
DSK Real Estates Limited	•	34		13	,
	(14,75,000)	3	E	(-)	(14,75,000)
Portside Estates Limited	76,00,000				76,00,000
	(000'96'11)	3	Ð	(3)	(77,95,000)
Kolkata-One Excellon Private Limited	1,73,70,000			Y	1,73,70,000
	(69,17,64,706)	(-)	(3)	(-)	(69,17,64,706)
Total	2,49,70,000				2,49,70,000
	(70,10,34,706)	(2)	2	57	(70 10 34 706)





22. Related party disclosures

Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key t Management s Personnel	Joint	Total
Unsecured loan received back					
DSX Mean Installed Sept 200	•	ė)			
Provide the provid	(95,39,861)	3	3	3	(95,39,861)
Portside Estates Limited	39,36,015	7			39,36,015
	(-)	3	0	9	
Total	39,36,015				39,36,015
	(95,39,861)	Ξ	3	3	(95,39,881)
Advance given					
Bengal Bonded Warehouse Limited	500	28,572		(8)	28,572
	0	3	(:)	-	9
DSK Real Estates Limited	10,49,570		72		10,49,570
	T	3	1	3	(-)
Happy Plaza Private Limited	3,57,768	Ya.		,	3,57,768
	3	Œ	(3)	①	4
Portside Estates Limited	13,63,117		*	1	13,63,117
	3	€	3	(-)	(-)
Shrachi Keventer Abasan LLP			,	,	*
	3	3	(-)	(15,00,000)	(15,00,000)
Lairt Talwar			38,000		38,000
	(-)	(-)	(3)	(-)	3
1000	27,70,455	28,572	38,000		28,37,027
	3	3	1	/15 00 nnn/	(18.50.000)





22. Related party disclosures

Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnal and their relatives	ent Management	Joint	Total
Advance received back					
Bengal Bonded Warehouse Limited	2	28,572		5	28,572
DSK Real Estates Limited	47,177	. 3		I .	47,177
Portside Estates Limited	13,52,317	. 3	3 3	z ' z	(-) 13,52,317 (-)
Total	13,99,494	28,572		3	14,28,066
Security Deposit refunded					127
Bengal Bonded Warehouse Limited	. 3	1000 00 00 00		1	
Total				0	(2,00,00,00,00)
	(-)	(2,00,00,000)	(+) (00	3	(2,00,00,000)
Real estate transaction DSK Real Estates Limited					
Portside Estates Limited	(1,30,25,21,009)	•	3	3	(1,30,25,21,009)
	(79,84,20,000)	(+)	3	3	(79 84 20 000)
Total	- 00 10 00 10 01 01	17			





22. Related party disclosures

Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key Management Personnel	Joint	Total
Interest income		1/2			
Portside Estates Limited	(51,57,593)	3	Θ	3	(51,57,593)
Kolkata-One Expellon Private Limited	9,11,90,271			. 0	9,11,90,271 (3,22,45,679)
	9,11,90,271				9,11,90,271
Total	(3,74,03,272)	3	÷	0	(3,74,03,272)
Interest expenses			8.	- 5	
DSK Real Estates Limited	(24.89.451)	3	3	9	(24,89,451)
		7,35,28,968			7,35,28,968
MKJ Enterprises Limited	3	(5,12,20,945)	(-)	(-)	(5,12,20,945)
		7,35,28,968	5	,	7,35,28,968
Total	(24.89,451)	(5,12,20,945)	3	1	(5,37,10,396)
Rent expenses					
Right Innuva Know-Haw Limited	. ①	(2,86,350)	(-)	3	(2,86,350)
				*	*
Total	(-)	(2,86,350)	0	0	(2,86,350)
Electricity, maintenance and other expenses			18		
Right Innuva Know-How Limited		(46,503)	(:)	0	(46,503)
1-9-6		•	r		
lotal	(3)	(48.503)	(-)	(2)	(46,503)

22. Related party disclosures

b) Transaction with related parties during the year are as follows:

					Amount in Rs.
Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key t Management s Personnel	Joint	Total
Director's sitting fees					
Lalit Talwar			2,500	*	2,500
	①	•	(4,000)	①	(4,000)
Vivek Khemka	*		2,500		2,500
	•	3	(4,500)	(-)	(4,500)
Manoj Bose	,	65	2,500	5	2,500
	T	(-)	(4,000)	3	(4,000)
Pritha Basu	·	*	4,000	1	4,000
	Œ	(2)	(000'1)	(-)	(7,000)
Shwetaank Nigam			3,000		3,000
×	(-)	(-)	(7,000)	(-)	(7,000)
Total			14,500		14,500
	3	(-)	(26,500)	(9)	(28,500)
Share of loss from LLP					
Shrachi Keventer Abassan LLP	*	*		1,45,061	1,45,061
	(:)	(3)	(-)	(63,730)	(63,730)
Total				1,45,061	1,45,061
	5	3	•	(63,730)	(63,730)

Note:

Previous year figures(if any) are in brackets.





22. Related party disclosures

o) Balances with related parties at the end of the year :

					Amount in RS.
Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key Management Personnel	Joint	Total
Unsecured loans given					
Portside Estates Lingad	•			,	,
Y	(5,52,12,220)	3	3	45	(5 52 19 990)
Kolksta-One Excellen Pvt. Ltd	79,99,60,871				79 99 60 874
	(75,35,69,760)	0	3	17)	(75,35,69,760)
Total	79,99,60,871			,	79.99.60.871
	(80.87,81,980)	(-)	(-)	(3)	(80.87.81.980)
Interest accrued on loans given					
Portside Estates Limited			(()		
	(45,41,834)	•	3	(2)	(46.41.834)
Kolkata-One Excellen Pvt. Ltd	8,20,71,243	9			8,20,71,243
	(2,90,21,111)	⊕	(+)	3	(2.90.21.515)
Total	8,20,71,243				8.20,71,243
	(3,36,62,945)	0	3	(*)	(3.36.82.945)
Balance receivable					
Pawsnputra Tradecom Private Limited	5,30,00,000		4		5.00,00,000
	(5,00,00,00,00)	Œ	3	I	(5,00,00,000)
Portside Estates Limited	6,35,28,839			4	6,35,28,839
	0	0	3	3	3
Trinity Developers Put. Liid	2,52,89,050	4	*		2,52,69,050
	(2,52,69,050)	3	(-)	①	(2,52,69,050)
Happy Plaza Private Limited	3,57,768			A#	3,57,768
	€	3	E	(-)	3
Shrachi Keventer Abasan Private Limited	(C)		,	44,94,052	44,94,062
	€	3	Œ	0	0
Shrachi Keventer Abasan LLP		*		*	
\$15000000000000000000000000000000000000	(-)	0	(-)	(48,97,242)	(48,97,242)
Total	13,91,55,657				13,91,55,857
	(7,52,69,050)	000	(-)	(48.97.242)	(8.01.88.292)

22. Related party disclosures

c) Balances with related parties at the end of the year:

					AMINGAIN, IN NS.
Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key Management Personnel	Joint	Total
investment in equity sharestil. P					
Agency Land of the Control of the Co	18,54,625	4			18,64,625
popular areas a company see a company	(18,54,625)	(-)	3	0	(18,54,625)
Payments Tradeon Private Linear	13,87,32,500	A#		15	13,87,32,500
2011117 210011 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	(13,87,32,500)	0	3	(+)	(13,87,32,500)
Kolkata-One Excellen Private Latina	49,000		(*	4	49,000
	(48,000)	3	1	①	(49,000)
DSK Raal Estatas I imited	9,38,89,419			*	9,38,89,419
	(9,38,89,419)	0	•	Œ	(9,38,89,419)
Party and a state of the state	9,32,30,581				9,32,30,581
	(9,32,30,581)	3	①	0	3
Trinity Developers Pyt Ltd	000'88	**	*	×.	98,000
	(000'86)	•	Œ	Œ	(000'88)
Manny Plaza Private Limited	75,000		*		75,000
	(75,000)	3	Œ	3	£
Shrachi Keuenter Shasan Private Limited	70	**	•	50,000	80,000
700000000000000000000000000000000000000	(3)	(-)	9	(-)	
i do la	32,79,29,125			20,000	32,79,79,125
2 0001	(32,79,29,125)	(-)	÷	(-)	(32,79,29,125)
Balance payable			y		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
DSK Real Estates Limited	10,16,39,513		. 3		10,16,39,513
1	10,16,39,513				10.16.39.513
i Oral	3	Ξ	3	2	





22. Related party disclosures

c) Balances with related parties at the end of the year:

Nature of Transactions	Subsidiary / Associate companies	Enterprise owned or significantly influenced by Key Management Personnel and their relatives	Key Management Personnel	Joint	Total
Unsecured loans taken					
MKJ Enterprises Limited	100	67,76,25,763	*/	*	67,76,25,763
	3	(1,77,54,85,808)	(+)	3	(1,77,54,85,809)
DSK Rear Estates Limited	(10,04,38,400)	+ (+)	3	. 3	(10,04,36,400)
Total		67,76,25,763		K.	67,78,25,783
	(10,04,36,400)	(1,77,54,85,808)	(3)	(-)	(1.87.59.22.209)
Interest accrued on loans taken					
MKJ Enterprises Limited	4	6,61,76,071			6,61,75,071
	(-)	(8,61,34,954)	3	T	(8,81,34,954)
DSK Real Estates Limited	•		10	0.	
	(22,40,506)	3	0	(+)	(22,40,505)
Total	1000	6,61,75,071		٠	6,61,76,071
	(22,40,506)	(8,61,34,954)	1	(-)	(8.83,75,480)
Advance received against pre-emptive rights					
MKJ Enterorises Limited	9	1,20,00,00,000			1,20,00,00,000
	(-)	(2)	(3)	(-)	0.000
Total)	1,20,00,00,000			1,20,00,00,00,1
	(-)	(3)	3	(-)	
Payable for expenses			7.		
Right Innuva Know-How Limited	*	3,03,288			3,03,288
	0	(3,03,288)	(-)	(-)	(3,03,288)
Total	9	3,03,288	•		3,03,288
	(2)	(3,03,288)	0	(0)	(3,03,288)

Note:

Previous year figures(If any) are in brackets.





23 Earnings per share (EPS)

The following reflects the profit and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

		Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to equity share holders	{₹}	8,77,993	1,94,63,476
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year – basic	No.	10,20,201	10,20,201
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year – diluted	No.	10,20,201	10,20,201
Nominal value of share	(₹)	10	10
Earnings per equity share Basic Diluted	(₹) (₹)	0.86 0.86	19.08 19.08

- 24 Disclosure under AS 22 for Deferred tax asset / (liability)
 In accordance with AS-22 on 'Accounting for taxes on Income' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, no deferred tax asset has been recognised on the differences between the book balance and the written down value of fixed assets under Income Tax, unabsorbed depreciation and brought forward business losses in the absence of virtual certainty that the company will be able to generate sufficient taxable income in the future.
- 25 As per the information available with the Company, there are no amounts payable or paid during the year to micro and small enterprises. As per the information available with the Company, there are no transactions with any micro or small enterprises, where any interest has been paid or required to be provided for. Further, there are no amount payable at year end to such parties
- 26 Gratuity and post-employment benefits plans :

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is entitled to gratuity on terms not less favourable than 'The provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The aforesaid scheme is funded.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefits expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plans.

Statement of profit and loss

Net employee benefit expenses recognized in employee costs

	Year ended March 31, 2020 Rs. in lacs	Year ended March 31, 2019 Rs. in lacs
Current service cost	*0	0.28
Interest cost on benefit obligation	0.89	1,12
Expected return on plan assets	(0.32)	(0.34)
Net actuarial (gain) / loss recognized in the year	0.69	(0.58)
Total expense recognised	1.26	0.48





Balance sheet Net benefit liability / (asset)

	As at March 31, 2020 Rs. in lacs	As at March 31, 2019 Rs. in lacs
Present value of defined benefit obligation	13.46	12.16
Fair value of plan assets	4,54	4,15
Plan liability / (asset)	8.92	8.01

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	March 31, 2020 Rs. in lacs	March 31, 2019 Rs. in lacs
Opening defined benefit obligation	12.16	18.62
Current service cost		0.28
Interest cost	0.89	1.12
Actuarial (gains) / losses on obligation	0.41	(0.48)
Benefits Paid		(7.38)
Closing defined benefit obligation	13.46	12.16

Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

	March 31, 2020 Rs. in lacs	March 31, 2019 Rs. in lacs
Opening fair value of plan assets	4.15	5.19
Expected return	0.32	0.34
Contributions by employer	0.35	5.90
Actuariál gains / (losses)	(0.28)	0.10
Benefits Paid		(7.38)
Closing fair value of plan assets	4.54	4.15

The Company does not expects to contribute Rs Nil. (Previous year : Rs. 5,89,837/-) to gratuity fund in the next year.

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows :

	March 31, 2020 (%)	March 31, 2019 (%)
Investments with insurer	100%	100%

The principal assumptions are shown below:

	March 31, 2020 (%)	March 31, 2019 (%)
Discount rate Expected rate of return on assets Salary increase Mortality table	6.50% 6.50% 10.00% Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08) Ultimate	7.30% 7.30% 10.00% Indian Assured Lives Morlality (2006-08) Ultimate





Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

	2277900	8800000	As at Ma	rch 31st	-3700-6
	2020 (Rs) in lacs	2019 (Rs) in lacs	(Rs) in lacs	2017 (Rs) in lacs	2016 (Rs) in lacs
Gratuity					
Defined benefit obligation	(13.46)	(12,16)	(18,62)	(63,14)	(59.22)
Plan assets	4.54	4.15	5.19	41.53	34.27
Surplus / (deficit)	(8.92)	(8.01)	(13.43)	(21.61)	(24.95)
Experience (gain) / loss adjustments on plan liabilities	0.20	0.63	(0.91)	4.15	(2.82)
Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	(0.28)	0.10	(3.21)	(0.70)	2.05
Actuarial gain / (loss) due t change on assumptions	(0.61)	(0.15)	0.34	(3.01)	0.00

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the Actuary.

Defined Contribution Plan:

The Company has recognised the following amount as an expense and included under, "Contribution to Provident & Other Funds".

	March 31, 2020 Rs,	March 31, 2019 Rs.
Contribution to provident fund and Other funds	2,74,968	3,77,858
	2,74,968	3,77,858

- 27 Advance to an associate company of Rs 5,00,00,000/- (PY Rs 5,00,00,000/-) represents the advance paid to an associate company, whose shareholders and Company has formed a joint venture for development of property owned by the said associate company.
- 28 The Company, had entered into an agreement with a third party for the purpose of sharing the cost as well as revenue of an ongoing project. Accordingly, the Company has accounted for revenue as well as corresponding cost of sales to the extent of 60% of total revenue and estimated cost for the said project respectively. As per the terms of the agreement the title to the land and unsold stock would continue to remain with the Company. Further the third party has authorised the Company to promote the entire project for sale (including the share of the third party), and sell the same to outsiders / prespective buyers at the prevailing market rates / best bargained price in each individual case.

Advance received from the third party pursuant to the above agreement (net of adjustments, if any, and proportionate share of realisation from sale of space) has been shown as Advances towards projects contribution under the head "Other Liabilities".

29 Contingent liabilities not provided for in respect of guarantees given by the company for loans obtained by a body corporate.

Name of the company	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Edward Keventer Private Limited	90,00,00,000	90,00,00,000
	90,00,00,000	90,00,00,000





NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

- 30 The company has filed a claim against Chennai Metro Rall Limited (CMRL) for grant of enhanced compensation, which is being contested by CMRL in City Civil Court of Chennai. As such and in view of uncertainty, the claim shall be accounted as and when the same is adjudicated in favour of the Company.
- 31 The net worth of the company has fully been eroded. However, the management is of the opinion that going concern status of the company remains unaffected in view of sufficiency of ensuing profits and adequacy of the cash flows of the ongoing projects to wipe out the lossess incurred and take care of costs and expenditure.
- 32 Balances of some of the trade receivables, trade payables, loans and advances etc. incorporated in the books as per balances appearing in the relevant subsidiary records, are subject to confirmation from the respective parties and consequential adjustments arising from reconciliation, if any. The management however is of the view that there will be no material discrepancies in this regard.
- 33 The Company has only one segment and hence there are no additional disclosures required to be made under AS-17 "Segment Reporting"
- 34 In the opinion of the Board of Directors, the Current Assets, Loans & Advances are approximately of the value stated in accounts, if realised in ordinary course of business, unless otherwise stated. The provision for all known liabilities is adequate and not in excess/short of the amount considered reasonable/necessary.
- 35 Historically, the company's investment in unquoted shares has been done with a view to hold them for long term and thereby earn capital gains, since dividend payout on such investments has generally been nil. The aforesaid policy has been taken into consideration while computing the provision for income-tax as applicable.
- The Company is primarily engaged in development and sale of residential and commercial property. However, due to adverse economic environment and lack of positive market situation, the Company had to deploy its surplus fund as inter-corporate deposits with other body corporate(s) or in other financial instruments so as to generate revenue. The intention of the company is not to be engaged in the business of granting loans and advances on a permanent basis. The Company is exploring various non-financial business activity based propositions and as financial activity will not be its principal business in future and thus it will not be required to obtain the registration under Section 45-1A of the Reserve Bank of India Act.
- 37 Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/disclosure.
- 38 The figures, wherever appearing in brackets, pertain to previous year.

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39 Figures have been rounded off to nearest rupee.

As per our report of even date attached.

For ARSK & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 315082E

CA. S K Kabra

Membership No. 052205

UDIN: 200572.05NAAAB6;73H5) Place : Kolkata

Date : 1 8 DEC 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KEVENTER PROJECTS LIMITED

Vivek Khemka

Director DIN: 01187653 Lalit Talwar