

Malda Medical College & Hospital
Dist + Post- Malda

User Name : Dibakar Choudhury
Paid Rupees : 2

Name : SAIFUDDIN (PH)
 Sex : Male
 Ref. From : Male
 Age : 35 Yrs. 0 Months 0 Days
 [MLDT/OR1900138476]
 Day : Monday
 Reg. No. : MLDT/RG1900173491
 Reg. Date : 25-03-2019
 Card No. : MLDT/OR1900138476
 Visit No. : 1 Department : General OPD- Male
 Doctor/Unit Name (DOW) : Dr. 214
 Room No. :
 Visit Date : 25-03-2019
 Time : 12:51PM
 Entry No. :

Visit Date :
 Department :
 Doctor/Unit :
 Entry No. :
 Visit No. : 2
 Tm.

Visit Date :
 Department :
 Doctor/Unit :
 Entry No. :
 Visit No. : 3
 Tm.

Visit Date :
 Department :
 Doctor/Unit :
 Entry No. :
 Visit No. : 4
 Tm.

Clinical Notes

28/03/19

ADVICE

Refer to MOPD (612)

28/03/19

Adv:
- continue h/d twice weekly

[Signature]



SONOSCAN

Diagnostic & Multispeciality Outdoor
MALDA



NABL
ACCREDITED
PATHOLOGY LABORATORY
ISO 15189

Reg.No. : MD19C25/0779 Dept. : PAT-459

Name : Mr. Saifuddin Sk

Age : 36years , Sex : Male

Address : Kaliachak, Malda

Pg.No.- 1

Booking Date : 25/03/19

Reporting Date : 25/03/19

CT:09:59 DT:11:48 Hrs.

BIOCHEMISTRY REPORT

Test-Parameter	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval	Method
Serum Urea	170	mg/dl	(15 - 49)	UREASE
Serum Creatinine [Pre-dialysis]	11.77	mg/dl	(0.5 - 1.2)	JAFFE

PRIMARY SAMPLE: Blood

DONE BY : FULLY AUTOMATED ANALYZER, COBAS 6000 / c 311

Dr. Soma Ray
DCH., DCP(Cal)

Dr. Amitabha Saha
MD.(Path)
PGI, Chandigarh

Dr. Md.Shahabuddin
MD.(Path)
KMC, Mangalore

Dr. Ranjan Sarkar
DMRT., MD.(Path)
IPGME&R, Calcutta

Dr. Rupali Mandal
MD.(Path)

Dr. P.R.Pal
MD(Path)

Dr. S.Kumar
MD. (Microbiology)



Reg.No.:MD19C25/0779 PAT-459
Patient Name :Mr. Saifuddin Sk
Age:36years , Sex:Male
Address : Kaliachak, Malda

Booking Date :25/03/19
Reporting Date:25/03/19
CT:09:59 DT:16:00 Hrs.

REPORT ON HEPATITIS C ANTIBODY

Test-Parameter	Result	Biological Reference Range
HCV Antibodies	REACTIVE (32.93)	Cut of index Non-Reactive : < 1.00 Reactive : ≥ 1.00

- 1) This is a screening test and there may be false positive or false negative results due to various reasons.
- 2) The detection of anti-HCV antibodies indicate a present or past infection with hepatitis C virus, but does not differentiate between acute, chronic or resolved infection.
- 3) Due to a long time period from infection to seroconversion, negative anti-HCV test results may occur during early infection.
- 4) For diagnostic purposes, the results should always be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examination, other finding and other supplementary assay like Recombinant Immunoblot Assay (RIBA) or measuring HCV RNA by RT-PCR should be considered.

[PRIMARY SAMPLE : Blood]

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY

DONE BY : ROCHE COBAS e 411 / COBAS 6000 : FULLY AUTOMATED ANALYZER

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MD (Path)

Dr. P.R.Pal
MD (Path)

Dr. S.Kumar
MD. (Micro)

Dr. P.Saha
MD. (Micro)
Hony.

* Partial reproduction of the report is not permitted.
* Result relates only to the item tested.